<u>Ch. 7</u>

Q14:

No, p = mv and the velocity, v, will increase with time under the influence of the force of gravity. Hence momentum, p, will increases too.

Q15:

No, only the total moment of both these objects is conserved. Each object will change its velocity changing the momentum.

Q19:

The total momentum of the system will be equal to zero because both skaters will have an equal and opposite momentum.

Q27:

Because the ball did not stick with a wall but its velocity after a collision is less than before, this collision is mostly elastic.

E11:

a) The total momentum of the system will be zero because both skaters will have an equal and the opposite momentum.

b)
$$p = mv$$
, $m_s v_s = -m_l v_l$, hence $v_s = -(m_l v_l)/m_s = -[(80 \text{ kg}) (3\text{m/s})]/32 \text{ kg} = -7.5 \text{ m/s}$

E12:

a)
$$p_b = m_b v_b = (0.005 \text{ kg})(600 \text{ m/s}) = 3 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$$

b)
$$m_b v_b = -m_r v_r$$
, $v_r = -(m_b v_b)/m_r = -p_b/m_r = -(3 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s})/2.2 \text{ kg} = -1.36 \text{ m/s}$

E14:

a)
$$p_1 = m_1 v_1 = (12\ 000\ \text{kg})(12\ \text{m/s}) = 144\ 000\ \text{kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$$

b)
$$v_{I+2} = p_b/m_{I+2} = (144\ 000\ \text{kg}\cdot\text{m/s}\)/(12\ 000\ \text{kg} + 18\ 000\ \text{kg}) =$$

= $(144\ 000\ \text{kg}\cdot\text{m/s}\)/(30\ 000\ \text{kg}) = 4.8\ \text{m/s}$

CP5:

a)
$$p_{1+2} = m_1 v_1 + (-m_2 v_2) = m_1 v_1 - m_2 v_2 =$$

= $(1500 \text{ kg})(25 \text{ m/s}) - (4500 \text{ kg})(15 \text{ m/s}) =$
= $37500 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s} - 67500 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s} = -30000 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s} \text{ (due south)}$

b)
$$v_{I+2} = p_b/m_{I+2} = (30\ 000\ \text{kg} \cdot \text{m/s})/(6\ 000\ \text{kg}) = -5\ \text{m/s}$$
 (due south)

c)
$$KE_1 = \frac{1}{2} m_1 v_1^2 = \frac{1}{2} (1500 \text{ kg}) (25 \text{ m/s})^2 = 468 750 \text{ J}$$

 $KE_2 = \frac{1}{2} m_2 v_2^2 = \frac{1}{2} (4500 \text{ kg}) (15 \text{ m/s})^2 = 506 250 \text{ J}$
 $KE_{1+2} = 468 750 \text{ J} + 506 250 \text{ J} = 975 000 \text{ J or } 975 \text{ kJ}$

d)
$$KE = \frac{1}{2} mv^2 = \frac{1}{2} (6\ 000\ \text{kg}) (5\ \text{m/s})^2 = 75\ 000\ \text{J or } 75\ \text{kJ}$$

e) No, the collision was not elastic because the objects stick together after the collision and the kinetic energy before and after the collision is not the same.